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**THAYER'S**  
**BLUE FLAME**  
**OIL STOVES**  
**GASOLINE**  
**STOVES**  
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**EZRA W. THAYER,**  
 124-126 East Washington St.  
 PHOENIX, ARIZONA.

**WHAT THEY PRODUCE**

**Agricultural and Mineral Resources of Philippines.**

**Gold is Found on a Vast Number of Islands in the Archipelago—Placers Worked by the Natives With Coconut Shells.**

Washington, April 10.—(Special.)—The agricultural, mineral and commercial opportunities in the Philippines are discussed in detail in the Monthly Summary of Commerce and Finance, just issued by the treasury bureau of statistics. This discussion shows that although agriculture is the chief occupation of the Philippines, yet only one-ninth of the surface is under cultivation. The soil is very fertile, and even after deducting the mountainous areas it is probable that the area of cultivation can be very largely extended and that the islands can support a population equal to that of Japan (42,000,000).

The chief products are rice, corn, hemp, sugar, tobacco, coconuts and cacao. Coffee and cotton were formerly produced in large quantities—the former for export and the latter for home consumption; but the coffee plant has been almost exterminated by insects and the home-made cotton cloths have been driven out by the competition of those imported from England. The rice and corn are principally produced in Luzon and Mindoro and are consumed in the islands. The rice crop is about 765,000 tons. It is insufficient for the demand, and 45,000 tons of rice were imported in 1894, the greater portion from Saigon, and the rest from Hong Kong and Singapore; also 8,039 tons (60,000 barrels) of flour, of which more than two-thirds came from China, and less than one-third from the United States.

The cacao is raised in the southern islands, the best quality of it at Mindanao. The production amounts only to 150 tons and it is all made into chocolate and consumed in the islands.

The sugar cane is raised in the Visayas. The crop yielded in 1894 about 235,000 tons of raw sugar, of which one-tenth was consumed in the islands, and the balance of 210,000 tons, valued at \$11,000,000, was exported, the greater part to China, Great Britain and Australia. The hemp is produced in southern Luzon, Mindoro, the Visayas and Mindanao. It is nearly all exported in bales. In 1894 the amount was 96,000 tons, valued at \$12,000,000. Tobacco is raised in all the islands, but the best quality and greatest amount in Luzon. A large amount is consumed in the islands, smoking being universal among women as well as men, but the best quality is exported. The amount in 1894 was 7,000 tons of leaf tobacco, valued at \$1,750,000. Spain takes 80

**GOLF SHIRTS**

IN ALL THE  
 LATEST COLORS

and in Silk,  
 Madras  
 and Japanese Crepe.

**GREENE, The Hatter,**  
 Fleming Block,

Don't forget us this Spring on your Underwear, as we are headquarters.

per cent and Egypt 10 per cent of the leaf tobacco. Of the manufactured tobacco, 70 per cent goes to China and Singapore, 10 per cent to England, and 5 per cent to Spain. Coconuts are grown in southern Luzon and are used in various ways. The products are largely consumed in the islands, but the exports in 1894 were valued at \$2,400,000.

Cattle, goats and sheep have been introduced from Spain, but they are not numerous. Domestic pigs and chickens are seen around everywhere in the farming districts. The principal beast of burden is the carabao, or water buffalo, which is used for plowing rice fields as well as drawing heavy loads on sledges or on carts. Large horses are almost unknown, but there are great numbers of native ponies from nine to twelve hands high, possessing strength and endurance far beyond their size.

Gold is found in a vast number of localities in the archipelago from northern Luzon to central Mindanao. In most cases the gold is deposited, and found either in existing water courses or in stream deposits now deserted by the current. These last are called "alluvions" by the Spaniards. It is said that in Mindanao some of the gravels are in an elevated position and adapted to hydraulic mining. There is no data at hand which intimates decisively the value of any of the placers. They are washed by natives largely with coconut shells for pans, though the batea is also in use.

In the province of Abra, at the northern end of Luzon, there are placers, and the gravel of the river Abra is auriferous. In Lapanto there are gold quartz veins as well as gravels. Gold is obtained in this province close to the copper mines. In Benguet the gravels of the river Agno carry gold. There is also gold in the province of Morotac and in Nueva Ecija. The most important of the auriferous provinces is Camarines Norte. Here the townships of Mambulao, Paracale and Labo are especially well known as gold producing localities. Mr. Drache, a well known German geologist, says that there were 700 natives at work on the rich quartz veins of this place at the time of his visit about twenty-five years since. At Paracale there are parallel quartz veins in granite, one of which is twenty-feet in width and contains a chert in which the ore is said to assay thirty-six ounces of gold per ton. One may suspect that this assay hardly represented an average sample. Besides the localities mentioned, many others of this province have been worked by the natives. The islands of Mindoro, Caganduanes, Silayan, Panay, Zebu and Bohol are reported to contain gold, but no exact data is available. At the south end of the small island of Panoan, which is just to the south of Leyte, there are gold quartz veins, one of which has been worked to some extent. It is six feet in thickness, and has yielded from \$6 to \$7 per ton. In the island of Mindanao there are two known gold bearing districts—the province of Surigao, where Placer and other townships show gravels and veins, and the province of Misamis. Near the settlement of Imponan and on the Gulf of Macajalar there are said to be many square kilometers of gravel carrying large quantities of gold with which is associated platinum. The product of this district was estimated some years since as 150 ounces per month, all extracted by natives with bateas or coconut shell dishes.

**NAVAL MILITIA FUNDS.**

Allotments to the Several State Organizations Nearly Completed.

Washington, April 10.—The navy department has almost completed the allotment of funds for the naval militia organizations of the various states. There is this year available for all of the organizations the sum of \$60,000, and this will be distributed among them on the basis of the number of petty officers and enlisted men actually in service. All of the states maintaining state militia organizations have been heard from by the navy department, and all of them have submitted the data as to the strength of their organizations required as a basis for the distribution of funds, save the states of South Carolina and Florida. As soon as the latter furnish the statements the distribution of funds will begin.

**REVOLUTIONISTS GAINING.**

Lima, Peru, (via Galveston, Tex.)—April 10.—Advices received here in regard to the revolution in Bolivia say the situation at Oruro, where President Alonzo has established his base of operations is desperate. It is added that the federalists, or insurgents, are pushing their operations and the banks of Sucre, the capital of Bolivia, have refused to furnish any funds to Alonzo's government.

**TROUBLE OVER BOUNDARIES.**

A Santo Dominican Force Said to Have Invaded Haiti.

Washington, April 10.—Minister Leger of Haiti expresses much surprise at reports of an invasion of Haiti by a Santo Dominican force over a boundary dispute, as the minister says this entire controversy was submitted by treaty, concluded last December, to the final arbitration of Pope Leo.

Mr. Leger has received no official advice of the reported critical condition of affairs, but he is quite familiar with all the circumstances leading up

to it. Neither the state or navy departments have any advisers on the reported trouble.

Owing to the friendly interest which this country feels toward these and other southern republics, it is quite possible that in the event of a claim the good offices of the United States would be at the service of the two contending parties to aid in a friendly settlement.

In the absence of official information, however, no step in that direction has been taken, nor has the navy department considered the advisability of having a warship near the scene.

**SUCCUMBED TO OVERWORK.**

Mr. Porter, Secretary to the President, Obligated to Take a Rest.

Washington, April 10.—Mr. John Addison Porter, secretary to the President, is confined to his home on K street, and his physicians say that he will be unable to take up his work for some time. His illness is due to overwork and the official strain at the White House, and, while not serious, his physicians command that he shall have absolute rest and quiet for several weeks. For more than two years Mr. Porter has been under heavy strain, and rarely left his work at the White House before 1 o'clock at night. He has not had an opportunity for a long rest, and that is what is needed now.

**DELAWARE'S DISGRACE.**

The attorney general of Delaware has discovered at last what everybody else has known for many weeks—that babies were freely offered and taken during the recent senatorial contest in that state. Nobody who watched the events in Dover doubted that corrupt means were being used to prevent the election of any candidate the republican party should name except the man who openly boasted that he owned so many votes. The members who voted for him could have permitted the election of a democrat rather than vote for any other republican. Only one kind of influence could have been used to bring about this. What that influence was has never been a secret, and the state of Delaware today keenly feels that disgrace. If the attorney general is honest in the investigation he has begun, he will not stop with the arrest of one or two of the men who received money for their votes and sold out their party. Neither will he stop with the conviction of the bribe-taker. The ends of justice will not be served until the man who supplied the money is apprehended. The evidence in a warrant is abundant.—Philadelphia North American.

TOM WOULDN'T STAND FOR DICK.

Crocker defends the extravagance of his coming banquet on the ground that it will put a lot of money in circulation among cooks, purveyors, musi-

cians, florists, waiters, bottle washers and others in the ranks of art and industry, and, so far as this economic aspect of the feast is concerned, no fault need be found. Its reproach is in pretending to honor the memory of a statesman who, if alive, would repudiate such celebration with scorn and indignation. Jefferson stood for one thing, and Tammany and Bryan and latter-day democracy stood for quite another. If the majestic shade of the sage hovers above the orgy and is revealed in vision, it will probably be outlined in the attitude of holding its nose. The incense of a table set for what is called "the public" is the swarms of the public's revenue and sellers of its offices cannot be expected to be grateful to that phantom grim, and some such defense against it would be natural and necessary. If that incorruptible apostle of true democracy could be heard from at this own banquet he would be able to tell the feast something better worth \$10 a plate than the feast or any and all of the oratory which, according to present arrangements, is to go with it.—New York Tribune.

**WOMEN AND DEATH PENALTY.**

Were the women who are strong advocates of women's rights, quite consistent in protesting against the execution of a murderer, simply because she was a woman? Whatever arguments may be used against the enforcement of the death penalty, there should not be a question of sex. Women are so constituted mentally, morally and physically that it is really a more unpardonable crime for them to commit murder than for a man. Indeed, it is doubly revolting for a woman to commit any crime, and there should be no mitigation of punishment simply because they are women. Neither can it be advanced that men as jurors would not temper justice with mercy when a woman is on trial, for we know that frequently justice is lost sight of altogether. If women really want to stand on the same plane with men, enjoy the same privileges and opportunities, they certainly should accept their responsibilities, and be prepared to obey the law. It is apparently a weak point in their argument that they are not willing to do so.—Mrs. Mascotte in "The Teller."

The retirement of Colin Harvey was quite unexpected, but it may be that the collections were so good that the professor has enough.—Washington Post.

**EXAMPLE IS BETTER THAN PRECEPT.**

Those sentimental proverbs, or old saws, which are used as prefixes to all of the Hord Saraparrilla advertisements in thousands of papers throughout the country are evidence of a new and original style of display advertising both pleasing and effective. The Hord firm is to be congratulated on so cleverly adapting such wisdom as has filtered down through centuries. Another charming thing about this Hord advertisement is the unique type they are using.

**ROSES. ROSES.**  
 Cut Roses for Sale at 35c per dozen, delivered to any part of the city.  
 Special attention given to Shipping Orders. Flowers carefully packed for outside trade.  
**Mrs. J. O. Dunbar**  
 CAPITOL ADDITION,  
 Telephone 24. Phoenix, Arizona

**VOSE PIANOS. Established 1851**  
 The Vose & Son's Piano Co. have at their command the services of some highly trained and skilled piano makers than any similar house in America; this fact, together with their model factory, ample capital and large output, enable them to offer pianos of the highest standard. For sale by the  
**Phoenix Piano and Music House,**  
 12 Center Street, North.

**For Sale—\$2500.**  
 Substantial Brick Dwelling.  
 5 Rooms, Wide Hall, 4 Closets,  
 Hot and Cold Bath. Summer  
 Sleeping Room above.  
 50 ft. lot. (University Addition)  
 APPLY TO  
**E. A. TOVREA or A. BARRY,**  
 PHOENIX.

**NOW OPEN**  
**Center St. Meat Market**  
 No. 46 North Center Street,  
 Has all the modern appliances for furnishing first-class cold storage meats at reasonable prices. Also a first-class sausage factory with JAKE PFEIFFER in charge and will handle all the best grades of sausage. Something never in Phoenix before.  
**A. WEILER, Proprietor.**

Regal Mandolines and Guitars Beat them all, \$20 to \$15  
 Fine Line of Other Mandolines & Guitars from \$4 to \$15  
 LARGEST POPULAR SHEET MUSIC—Largest Stock in Southern California at 35c. a Copy.  
**GEO. T. EXTON**  
 Music Dealer,  
 327 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.  
 10c. Made Catalogue sent free.



SECOND SUCCESSFUL YEAR OF  
**THE SAN GABRIEL SANATORIUM**  
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**CONSUMPTION**

BY THE CONTINUOUS INHALATION METHOD.

The air in every room is saturated with a germicide. The patient lives in an atmosphere that positively kills the germ of tuberculosis. Immediate relief to the weakening night sweats and cough. Temperature falls to normal, and four weeks' treatment inevitably increases weight from six to twenty pounds.

The celebrated Throat and Lung Specialist, Dr. Robt. Hunter of New York, writes: "I entirely approve of all you are doing and predict great success for your undertaking."

**A SUMMARY OF 100 CASES.**

Character	Cured	Improved	Not Improved	Total
First Stage	34	29	5	68
Second Stage	36	12	22	70
Third Stage	30	3	12	45

tennis court, croquet grounds, are free for use of patients. Fuller particulars, together with pamphlet containing views of the Sanatorium and surroundings, and our methods of treatment will be mailed free on application. Address all inquiries,  
**SAN GABRIEL SANATORIUM CO., San Gabriel, California.**

**...Good Things Today**  
 We are headquarters for Pretzels, wholesale or retail.  
 New England Pumpkin Pies.  
 Lemon Meringue Pies.  
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 Cream Puffs.  
 Coconut Kisses.  
 Delicious home-made doughnuts, hot twice daily.  
 We always have something good for you to take home.

**Arizona Bakery,**  
 PRESCOTT & MURDOCK, Props.  
 Corner Washington and Third Streets.  
 TELEPHONE 231.

**The Men's Clothing Exhibit**

IS FAR SUPERIOR in extent, quality, fit and make to any displayed anywhere in Phoenix. Every desirable style for MEN OF ALL SIZES AND BUILDS, and with every garment goes the Guarantee of Quality and Fit. The Styles of Suits for this Summer are RICH, NOBBY and STRIKING. We have them all, RANGING IN PRICE FROM \$3.75 to \$20.00, and on every purchase we guarantee to save you at least 25 per cent.

**LET US SHOW YOU SOME CLOTHES.**

**SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK—** Think of it, a Black Clay Worsted Suit, Round or Square Cut Sacks. Worth \$10.00, for.....  
 Also see our lines of Cheviot and Cassimere Suits, strictly all wool, and well worth \$7.50 of any man's money, for.....  
 Then our \$7.50 lines, they come in Worsted and Cassimere, round or square cut, and cannot be duplicated for less than \$10.

**\$6.25 \$5.00 \$7.50**

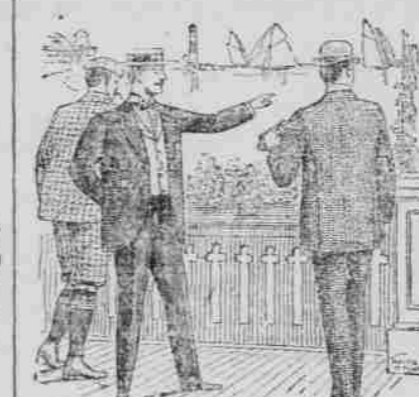
We are showing all the Novelties for Summer Wear in plain and Fancy Crash Suits, Serges, White Flannel and White Piques—in Suits and Single Pants. Patterns never before exhibited in Phoenix.

**Special Bargains in Men's Furnishings.**  
 Men's Negligee and Golf Shirts, some with collars attached, others with 2 extra collars, for.....  
 Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers for.....  
 Men's Balbriggan Underwear for.....  
 Men's Black, Tan and Gray Full Seamless Sox, fast colors, at.....  
 Men's Suspenders, regular 50c quality, at.....  
 Boys' Shirt Waists, a bargain at.....

**FOR THE LITTLE FELLOWS**  
 from 3 to 10 years, we are showing some very pretty styles of Vestee Suits in Fancy Cassimeres, Crashes and White Piques. You will admit our line is the largest and our prices are the lowest. We are still showing the Finest Lines of the Celebrated K and E Waists. Novelties in Blouses and Waists never before seen in Phoenix.

**Whose Your Tailor?**  
 We again call your attention to our MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT, if you have not already placed your order for your Spring Suit. Examine our stock. We want you for one of our patrons. We show the best lines of Woollens of Foreign and Eastern Mills.  
**PRICES ARE THE LOWEST. AND WORKMANSHIP UNEXCELLED...**

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 The only First-Class Merchant Tailor in the territory who carries the largest stock.  
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 City or Country, at Lowest Rates.  
 Large or Small Loans Promptly Handled. City or County Warrants Bought at Highest Figures.  
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**NOTIONS**  
 A vast multitude of little needs are included under this head. While this department takes up little floor space, it is, nevertheless, a most important factor in this business. We always have the little trinkets you need, and at a little price.

Curling Irons, 10c and 15c.  
 Curling Iron Heaters, 25c to 75c.  
 Comb pins, 5c, 10c and 20c.  
 Box of 1 doz. Steel Hairpins, 25c.  
 Side Combs, 5c pair up.  
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 Shirt Waist gits, 25c and 50c.  
 Leather Belts, 25c up.  
 Metal Belts, 75c up.  
 Fancy Elastic, 25c per yard.  
 Pearl Buttons, 5c doz. up.  
 Vaseline, 5c.  
 Machine Oil, 5c.  
 Eagle Pins, 5c.  
 Beauty Pins, 25c per doz.

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 "THE BEST ALWAYS."  
 Phone 154.